



## Communicating Importance of Influenza Vaccination for Older Adults

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## Presenter Disclosure

- I have relationships with commercial interests
  - Advisory Boards – GSK, Pfizer, Sanofi
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## FLU & VACCINES

### CONSEQUENCES OF INFLUENZA INFECTION CAN BE DEVASTATING FOR ADULTS 65+.

SENIORS represent 15% of Canada's population, yet, in 2014-2015,

**ADULTS 65+ ACCOUNTED FOR:**



**70%**  
of influenza-related hospitalizations\*



**91%**  
of influenza-related deaths\*

The National Advisory Committee on Immunization **RECOMMENDS** influenza immunization for high-risk individuals, such as **ADULTS 65+** and people with:\*\*



Cancer



Cardiac Disorders



Pulmonary Disorders (e.g., asthma, COPD)



Diabetes

Sources: \*Public Health Agency of Canada; \*\*National Advisory Committee on Immunization

## Researcher says influenza prevention can add 'life to years'



Experts rank immunization among key measures for preventing adverse health outcomes.

## Case Scenario: influenza outcomes

### 1) 75 yo man active and independent in the community

- Adheres to a healthy diet and exercises daily
- Believes that he is healthy and does not need influenza vaccination
- Dies from influenza illness contracted on a cruise ship

### 2 ) 75 yo man active and independent in the community

- Healthy diet and has two chronic diseases but does not exercise daily
- Receives annual influenza vaccination.
- Develops medically attended influenza illness while on a cruise ship
- His wife who was vaccinated is an "asymptomatic seroconverter"

## **Case Scenario: influenza disabling complications**

75 yo woman previously active and independent in the community

- Had received annual influenza vaccination but missed the current seasonal vaccination.
- In late January, she developed sudden onset of muscle aches, feverishness and cough - 24 hours later intubated in the ICU
- Lifelong non-smoker who had been independent in her home. She has hypertension stable on medications and stable heart disease.
- 10-day hospitalization including 3 days in ICU - discharged to rehab facility with diagnosis of exacerbation of chronic lung disease.
- On admission to geriatric rehabilitation, required assistance for transfers and difficulty walking.
- *Her question: Will I ever be able to go back to my home?*

## **Case Scenario - Pneumonia**

80 yo woman active and independent in community, enjoys walk several times a week and going on cruises with neighbours

- Develops atrial fibrillation and becomes quite sedentary because of concerns about her heart – palpitations with exercise and ultimately requires pacemaker for heart rate control
- Rarely cooks meals and relies on daughter to bring groceries but with encouragement to resume regular exercise, function improves
- Hospitalized with pneumonia and further loss of independence and now unable to bathe independently
- **Recovery to functional baseline by hospital discharge:** 67% chance of remaining independent one year later
- **Discharged with continued dependence for bathing:** 40% 1-year mortality rate

Boyd CM et al. JAGS 56:2171-9, 2008

## The Immune System Weakens with Age

Incidence of serious outcomes of influenza ↑

90% of influenza deaths occur in older people

For every influenza death, there are 3–4 influenza hospitalization

**greatest impact when A/H3N2 strains circulate**

Response to vaccination ↓

CURRENT INFLUENZA VACCINE

Efficacy is 70–90% in preventing respiratory illness in healthy adults and only 30–40% in older people **particularly for H3N2 strains**

BUT are cost-saving –

**mainly due to the prevention of A/H3N2 hospitalization**

indicates a clear margin for improvement

**in protection against A/H3N2**

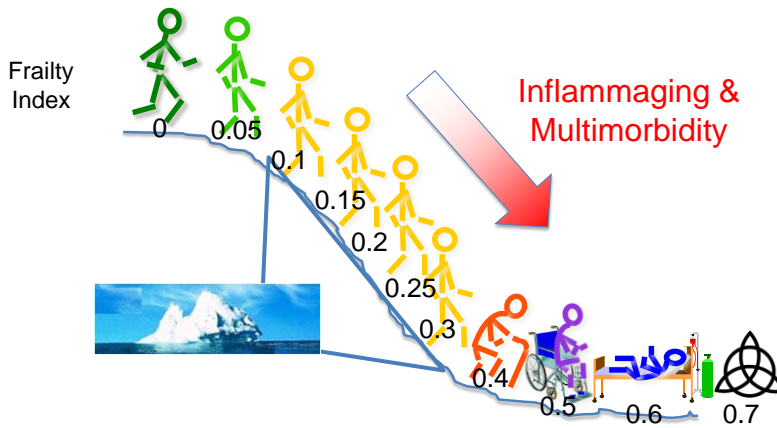
## Influenza and Pneumonia: Predictors of Hospitalization and Death

*Hospitalization  
due to influenza  
and pneumonia,  
and death to any  
cause*

Age, years	Score		
<70	0	Age ↓	
70-74	14		
75-79	28		
80-89	42		
≥90	56		
Male	9	OP Visits ↓	
Outpatient visits in previous year			
0	0		
1-6	11		
7-12	22		
≥13	33	Hospitalization ↓	
Previous hospitalization for pneumonia or influenza	63		
Comorbidity			
Pulmonary disease	18		Multiple (≥2) Chronic Conditions ↓
Heart disease	6		
Renal disease/transplant	12		
Dementia or stroke	22		
Nonhematological and hematological cancer	48		

Hak et al. JID 189:450, 2004

## Resilience to Influenza with Aging



## Vaccine Preventable Disability<sup>1</sup>

### Catastrophic disability

- Defined as a loss of independence in **≥ 3 basic** Activities of Daily Living<sup>2</sup>
- **14.6%** of older adults hospitalized with influenza **experience catastrophic disability**<sup>3</sup>
- Disability due to influenza hospitalization<sup>4,5</sup> is also linked to **leading causes of catastrophic disability**<sup>2</sup>

1. Strokes
2. CHF
3. Pneumonia and influenza
4. Ischemic heart disease
5. Cancer
6. Hip fracture



<sup>1</sup> McElhaney JE et al. *Front Immunol.* 2016;7:41.

<sup>2</sup> Ferrucci et al. *JAMA* 1997;277:728.

<sup>3</sup> Andrews MK et al. Canadian Immunization Conference. December 7, 2016.

<sup>4</sup> Barker et al. *Arch Int Med* 1998;158:645.

<sup>5</sup> Falsey et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2005;352:1749.

