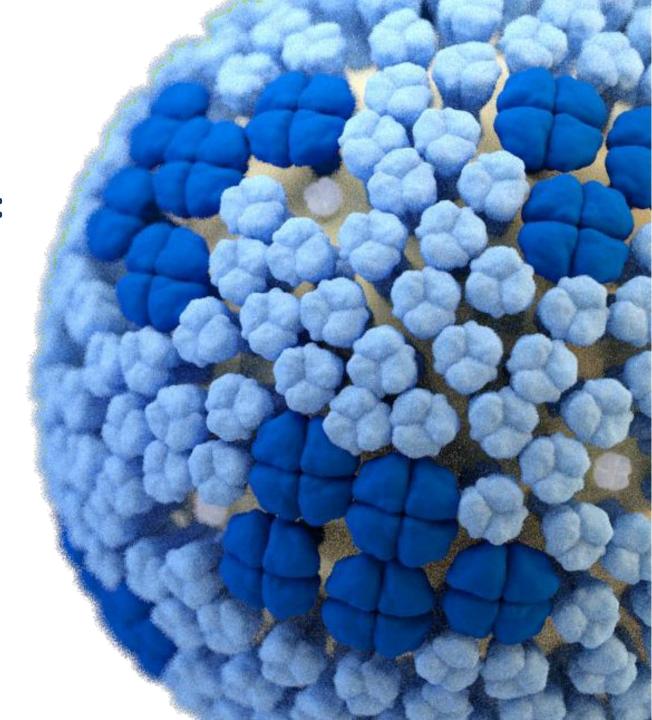
INFLUENZA ACTIVITY UPDATE: 2022-2023 Influenza Season

July 20, 2023

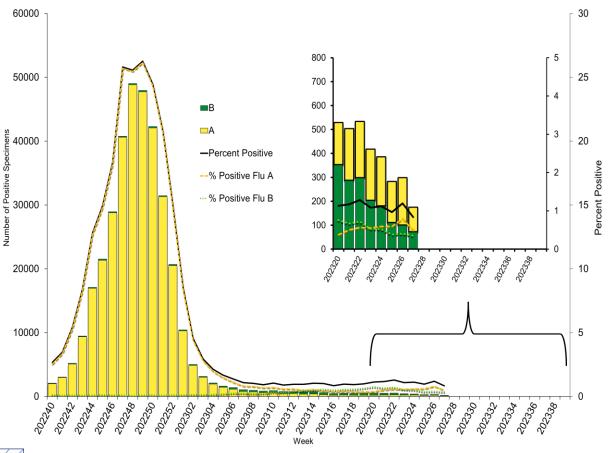
Katie Tastad, MPH
Influenza Division, CDC



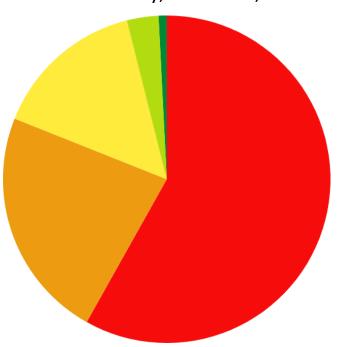


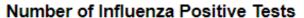
Virologic Surveillance

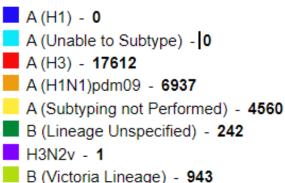
Influenza Positive Tests Reported to CDC by U.S. Clinical Laboratories, National Summary, October 2, 2022 – July 8, 2023



Influenza Positive Tests Reported to CDC by U.S.
Public Health Laboratories,
National Summary, October 2, 2022 – July 8, 2023

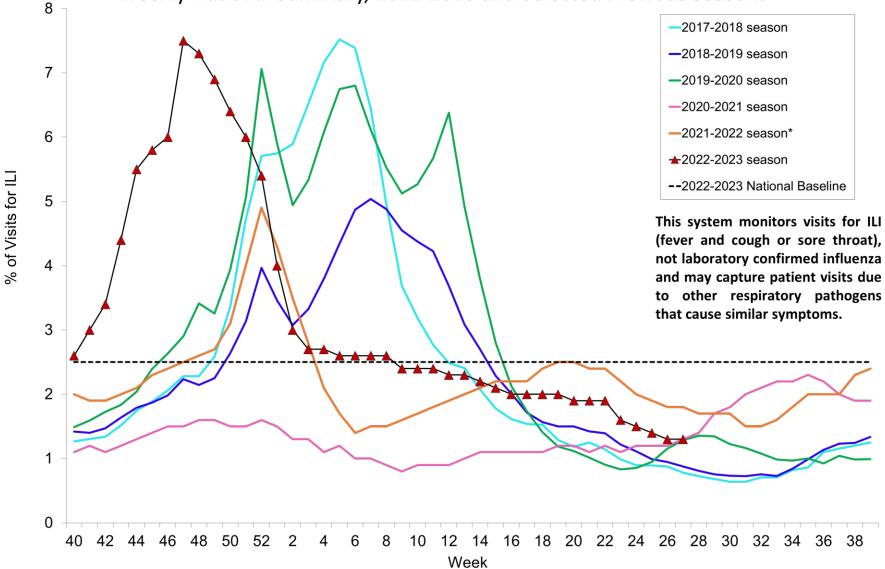








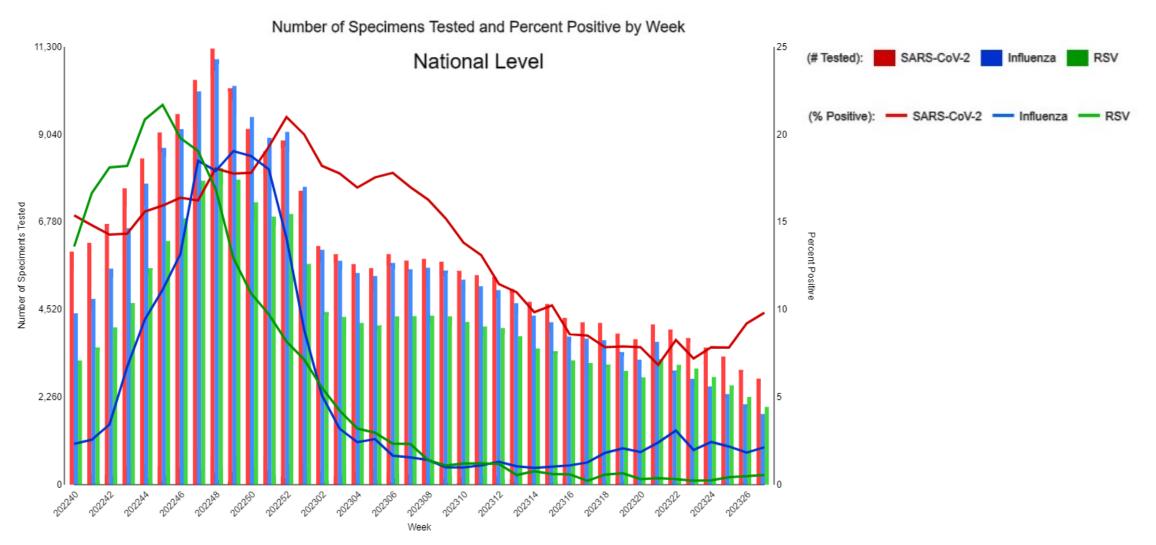
Percentage of Outpatient Visits for Respiratory Illness Reported By The U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), Weekly National Summary, 2022-2023 and Selected Previous Seasons





RESP-LENS (1)

Respiratory Virus Laboratory Emergency Department Network Surveillance

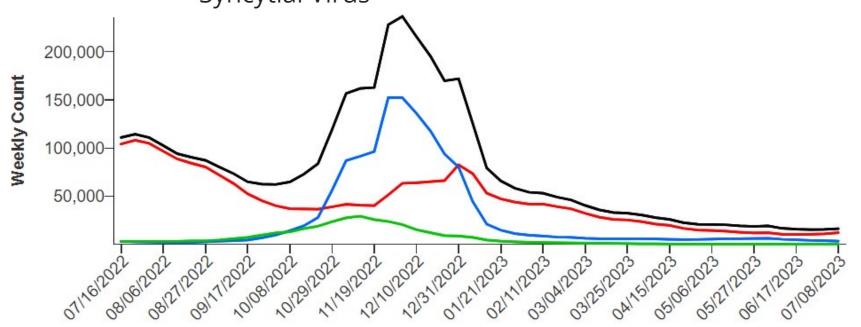


A CDC



Emergency Departments – National Syndromic Surveillance Program

National Emergency Department Visits for COVID-19, Influenza, and Respiratory Syncytial Virus



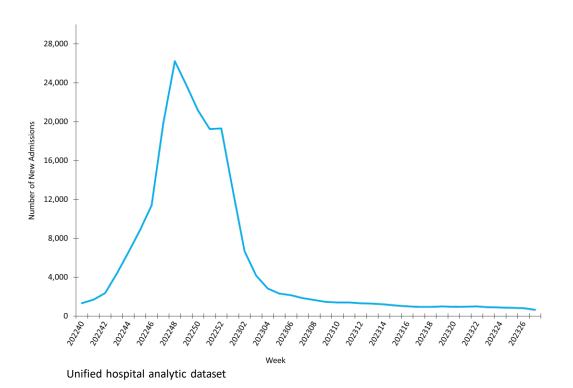


End Date of MMWR Week



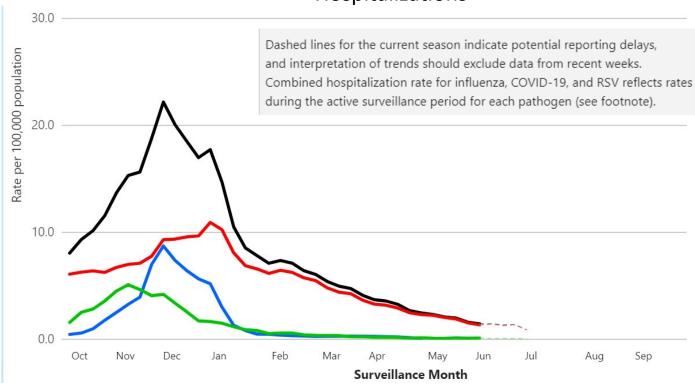
Hospitalizations

New Influenza Hospital Admissions Reported to HHS Protect, October 2, 2022 – July 8, 2023





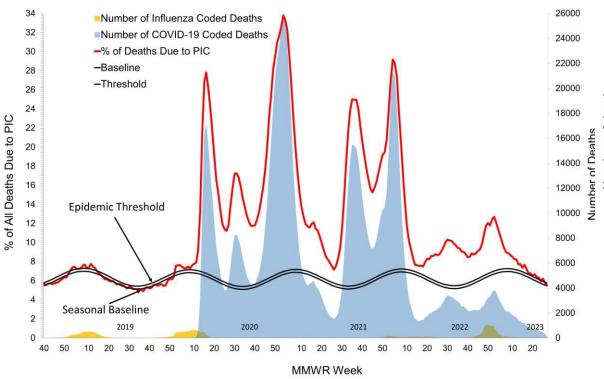
Weekly Rates of Respiratory Virus-Associated Hospitalizations



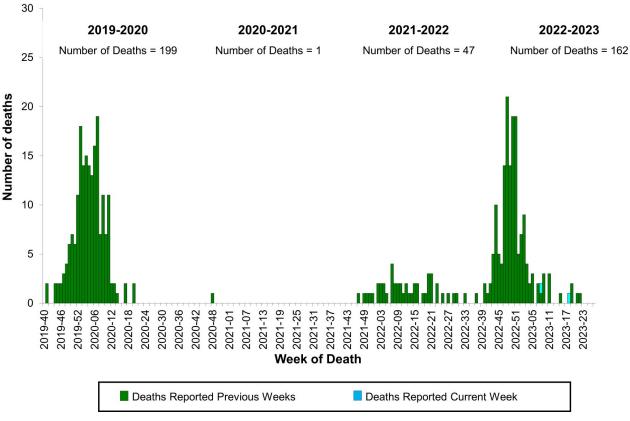


Mortality

Pneumonia, Influenza, and COVID-19 Mortality from the National Center for Health Statistics Mortality Surveillance System Data as of July 13, 2023



Influenza-Associated Pediatric Deaths by Week of Death, 2019-2020 season to 2022-2023 season





Summary

- Influenza activity is low, typical at this time of year.
- According to preliminary estimates for 2022-2023 season, in the U.S. influenza caused:
 - At least 27 million symptomatic illnesses
 - At least 12 million medical visits
 - At least 300,000 hospitalizations
 - At least 19,000 deaths
- CDC is providing 3 new resources to display influenza, RSV, and COVID-19 data together.



Resources

U.S. Influenza Surveillance

The Influenza Division at CDC collects, compiles, and analyzes information on influenza viruses and disease activity year-round in the United States.

- •Respiratory Virus Laboratory Emergency Department Network Surveillance (RESP-LENS)
 This interactive dashboard tracks emergency department visits for laboratory-confirmed severe acute respiratory coronavirus type 2 (SARS-CoV-2), influenza (flu), and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV).
- •Respiratory Virus Hospitalization Surveillance Network (RESP-NET)
 This site comprises three platforms that conduct population-based surveillance for laboratory-confirmed hospitalizations associated with COVID-19, Influenza, and Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) among children and adults.
- •<u>National Emergency Department Visits for COVID-19, Influenza, and Respiratory Syncytial Virus</u> This site provides a combined view of emergency department visit data for multiple respiratory conditions as tracked by the National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP).



Questions?

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For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)

TTY: 1-888-232-6348 <u>www.cdc.gov</u>

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

